

# Mark Scheme (Standardisation)

# January 2021

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE Mathematics A (4MA1) Paper 1FR

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#### **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.

Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.

- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

#### • Types of mark

- M marks: method marks
- A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)

# • Abbreviations

- cao correct answer only
- o ft follow through
- isw ignore subsequent working
- o SC special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)

- dep dependent
- o indep independent
- awrt answer which rounds to
- eeoo each error or omission

#### • No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks

If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

#### • With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

If a candidate misreads a number from the question. Eg. Uses 252 instead of 255; method marks may be awarded provided the question has not been simplified. Examiners should send any instance of a suspected misread to review. If there is a choice of methods shown, mark the method that leads to the answer on the answer line; where no answer is given on the answer line, award the lowest mark from the methods shown.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

# • Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

# • Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded to another. **International GCSE Maths** 

Apart from questions 15c, 17, 25 (where the mark scheme states otherwise) the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method

| Q   | Working | Answer   | Mark | Notes   |
|-----|---------|--|------|---|
| 1 a |         | Makalu   | 1    | B1 Accept 8485                                      |
| b   |         | Five thousand eight hundred<br>and ninety five | 1    | B1  |
| с   |         | 800  | 1    | B1 Accept 8 (eight) hundreds,<br>hundreds, 100('s), |
| d   |         | 2077   | 1    | B1 Accept -2077                                     |
|     |         |  |      | Total 4 marks                                       |

| <b>2</b> ai | likely                 | 1 | B1            |
|-------------|------------------------|---|---------------|
| aii         | impossible             | 1 | B1            |
| b           | cross at $\frac{1}{2}$ | 1 | B1            |
| c           | cross at $\frac{1}{6}$ | 1 | B1            |
|             |                        |   | Total 4 marks |

| <b>3</b> a | Trapezium            | 1 | B1         |                |               |
|------------|----------------------|---|------------|----------------|---------------|
| b          | 42                   | 1 | <b>B</b> 1 | Accept 40 – 44 |               |
| с          | Correct lines marked | 1 | <b>B</b> 1 |                |               |
| d          | 2                    | 1 | B1         |                |               |
|            |                      |   |            |                | Total 4 marks |

| 4 | 8 + 3 × 4.50 (= 21.5)   |        |   | M1 |  |
|---|---|--------|---|----|--|
|   | (30 - '21.5') ÷ 1.1 (= 7.72 or 7) or<br>8.5 ÷ 1.1 (= 7.72 or 7) |        |   | M1 | method to find the number of<br>packets of seeds – could be<br>repeated addition |
|   | 30 - '21.5' - '7' × 1.1 or<br>8.5 - 7.7                         |        |   | M1 | complete method to find the change   |
|   |   | 0.8(0) | 4 | A1 |  |
|   |   |        |   |    | Total 4 marks  |

| <b>5</b> a | (-2, 3)        | 1 | B1                                  |
|------------|----------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| b          | (×) at (4, −2) | 1 | B1 condone missing label as long as |
|            |                |   | unambiguous                         |
| с          | y = -3         | 1 | B1 oe                               |
|            |                |   | Total 3 marks                       |

| 6 | а |  | 6 squares shaded                                     | 1 | <b>B</b> 1 |  |
|---|---|--|--|---|------------|--|
|   | b |  | 3  | 1 | B1         |  |
|   |   |  | $\overline{10}$                                      |   |            |  |
|   | С | $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{30}{60} = 0.5 \text{ or } 50\%  \frac{3}{4} = \frac{45}{60} = 0.75 \text{ or } 75\%$  | $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{5}{6}$ | 2 | B2         | can be given as fraction, decimal or percentage equivalents  |
|   |   | $\frac{4}{5} = \frac{48}{60} = 0.8 \text{ or } 80\%$ $\frac{5}{6} = \frac{50}{60} = 0.83 \text{ or } 83\%$ |  |   |            | B1 for 3 fractions in the correct<br>order <b>or</b> for 4 in fractions in the<br>correct reverse order <b>or</b> for 2<br>fractions correctly converted to<br>decimals or percentages <b>or</b> 2<br>fractions written with a common<br>denominator that is a multiple of<br>60 |
|   | d | $14 \div 5 \times 9$   |  |   | M1         |  |
|   |   |  | 25.2   | 2 | A1         | oe   |
|   |   |  |  |   |            | Total 6 marks  |

| <b>7</b> a |   | 3  | 1 | B1   |
|------------|---|----|---|--|
| b          | $\frac{12}{60} \times 360 \text{ or } 360 \div 60 \times 12 \text{ or}$<br>$360 \div (60 \div 12) \text{ oe or}$<br>$\left(\frac{12}{60} \times 100\right) \frac{20}{100} \times 360$ |    |   | M1 M1 Allow two stages e.g.<br>$\left(\frac{12}{60} \times 100\right) \frac{20}{100} \times 360$ |
|            |   | 72 | 2 | A1   |
| c          | $\frac{35}{100} \times 60 \text{ or } 0.35 \times 60 \text{ oe}$  |    |   | M1   |
|            |   | 21 | 2 | A1   |
|            |   |    |   | Total 5 marks  |

| <b>8</b> a | $a^4$ | 1 | B1   |
|------------|-------|---|--|
| b          | 20bc  | 1 | B1   |
| С          | 7d-3e | 2 | B2 (B1 for 7 <i>d</i> or $-3e$ or $7d + -3e$ ) |
|            |       |   | Total 4 marks                                  |

| 9 | E.g. $42 \div 3 (= 14)$ or $68 \div 8 (= 8.5)$ or<br>$42 \times 3 (= 126)$ or $\frac{15}{8} \times 68 (= 127.5)$ |       |   | M1 for a correct first step |
|---|--|-------|---|-----------------------------|
|   | E.g. $9 \times '14' + 15 \times '8.5'$ oe<br>or '126' + '127.5'  |       |   | M1 for a complete method    |
|   |  | 253.5 | 3 | A1                          |
|   |  |       |   | Total 3 marks               |

| 10 | $(180 - 44) \div 2 (= 68)$     |     |   | M1 May be seen on diagram |
|----|--------------------------------|-----|---|---------------------------|
|    | 180 - '68' <b>or</b> 44 + '68' |     |   | M1                        |
|    |                                | 112 | 3 | A1                        |
|    |                                |     |   | Total 3 marks             |

| 11 | (-2, 7) (-1, 5) (0, 3)<br>(1, 1) (2, -1) (3, -3) | Correct line between $x = -2$ and $x = 3$ | 3 | B3 for a correct line between $x = -2$ and $x = 3$<br>(B2 for a correct straight line segment through at least 3 of $(-2, 7) (-1, 5) (0, 3) (1, 1) (2, -1) (3, -3)$<br>or<br>for all of $(-2, 7) (-1, 5) (0, 3) (1, 1) (2, -1) (3, -3)$ plotted<br>but not joined)<br>(B1 for at least 2 correct points stated (may be in a table) or<br>plotted or for a line drawn with a negative gradient through<br>(0, 3) or for a line with a gradient of $-2$ ) |
|----|--|---|---|---|
|    |  |   |   | Total 3 marks   |

| 12 | $250 \div (2+3) (= 50)$   |    |   | M1 |   |
|----|---|----|---|----|---|
|    | $50 \times 2 (= 100)$ or $50 \times 3 (= 150)$                          |    |   | M1 |   |
|    | $\frac{42}{100} \times 150' (= 63) \text{ or}$<br>0.42 × 150' oe (= 63) |    |   | M1 | (indep) for a method to find 42% of <b>their</b> amount for Haydn           |
|    | ·100' – ·63'  |    |   | M1 | (dep on M2) for finding difference between their amounts for Rose and Haydn |
|    |   | 37 | 5 | A1 |   |
|    |   |    |   |    | Total 5 marks   |

| 12 ALT | $\frac{2}{2+3} \times 100 \ (=40)$  |    |   | M1 for method to find the percentage of £250 that<br>Rose gives to charity  |
|--------|---|----|---|---|
|        | $\frac{3}{2+3} \times 100 \times 0.42 (= 25.2)$ oe                        |    |   | M1 for method to find the percentage of £250 that<br>Haydn gives to charity |
|        | <sup>•</sup> 40 <sup>•</sup> - <sup>•</sup> 25.2 <sup>•</sup> (= 14.8)    |    |   | M1 (dep M2) for method to find difference between<br>the two percentages    |
|        | $\frac{'14.8'}{100} \times 250 \text{ or } '0.148' \times 250 \text{ oe}$ |    |   | M1  |
|        |   | 37 | 5 | A1  |
|        |   |    |   | Total 5 marks   |

| 13 | $\pi \times (18 \div 2)^2 (= 254.469)$ |     |   | M1 |                  |               |
|----|--|-----|---|----|------------------|---------------|
|    |  | 254 | 2 | A1 | accept 254 – 255 |               |
|    |  |     |   |    |                  | Total 2 marks |

| <b>14</b> a | $\xi$ | Fully correct<br>Venn diagram | 3 | <ul> <li>B3 fully correct Venn diagram</li> <li>(B2 for 2 or 3 sections correct</li> <li>B1 for 1 section correct)</li> </ul> |
|-------------|-------|-------------------------------|---|---|
| b           |       |                               |   | M1 ft from (a)<br>$\frac{4'}{a}$ where $a \ge 4$ or $\frac{b}{12}$ where $b \le 12$   |
|             |       | $\frac{4}{12}$                | 2 | A1 oe   |
|             |       |                               |   | Total 5 marks   |

| 15 | а |   | 15a + 20 | 1 | B1 |  |
|----|---|---|----------|---|----|--|
|    | b |   | 2(2c-7)  | 1 | B1 |  |
|    | С | E.g.<br>5x - x = 6 + 11 or<br>4x - 11 = 6 or<br>5x = x + 17 |          |   | M1 | for correct rearrangement with <i>x</i> terms on<br>one side and numbers on the other<br><b>or</b> |
|    |   |   |          |   |    | the correct simplification of either <i>x</i> terms or numbers on one side in a correct equation   |
|    |   | 4x = 17 or $-4x = -17$                                      |          |   | M1 |  |
|    |   |   | 4.25     | 3 | A1 | oe, dep on at least M1   |
|    |   |   |          |   |    | Total 5 marks  |

| Question | Working  | Answer | Mark | Notes  |
|----------|--|--------|------|--|
| 16       | e.g. $\frac{16}{5}$ and $\frac{11}{6}$ or $\frac{96}{30}$ and $\frac{55}{30}$  |        | 3    | M1 for two correct improper fractions  |
|          | e.g. $\frac{16^8}{5} \times \frac{11}{6^3}$ or $\frac{176}{30}$ or $\frac{5280}{900}$ oe   |        |      | M1 correct cancelling or multiplication of<br>numerators and denominators without<br>cancelling  |
|          | e.g. $\frac{16}{5} \times \frac{11}{6} = \frac{176}{30} = \frac{88}{15} = 5\frac{13}{15}$<br>or $\frac{16}{5} \times \frac{11}{6} = \frac{176}{30} = 5\frac{26}{30} = 5\frac{13}{15}$<br>or $\frac{16^8}{5} \times \frac{11}{6^3} = \frac{88}{15} = 5\frac{13}{15}$<br>or $\frac{96}{30} \times \frac{55}{30} = \frac{5280}{900} = \frac{88}{15} = 5\frac{13}{15}$<br>NB: a student can show initially that<br>$5\frac{13}{15} = \frac{88}{15}$ and they need to show that LHS = $\frac{88}{15}$ | shown  |      | A1 Dep on M2 for conclusion to $5\frac{13}{15}$ from correct<br>working – either sight of the result of the<br>multiplication e.g. $\frac{176}{30}$ must be seen and<br>equated to $\frac{88}{15}$ or $5\frac{26}{30}$<br>or<br>correct cancelling prior to the multiplication to $\frac{88}{15}$<br>NB: use of decimals scores no marks |
|          |  |        |      | Total 3 marks  |

| 17 | <i>a</i> = 7   |           | 4 | B1   |
|----|--|-----------|---|--|
|    | $\frac{b + \text{their } a}{2} = 8.5 \text{ oe } \mathbf{or} \ b = 10$   |           |   | M1 ft their value of <i>a</i> or<br>for setting up an equation for <i>b</i><br>or $b = 10$   |
|    | $\frac{\text{their } a + \text{their } a + \text{their } b + c}{4} = 9 \text{ oe or}$ $(c =) 9 \times 4 - (2 \times \text{their } a + \text{their } b) \text{ oe}$ |           |   | M1 for a calculation involving <i>c</i> using<br>their values <b>or</b><br>for a calculation leading to <i>c</i> using<br>their values |
|    |  | 7, 10, 12 |   | A1   |
|    |  |           |   | Total 4 marks  |

| <b>18</b> a | Correct number line | 2 | B2 | for a fully correct number line e.g. shaded<br>circle at -2, unshaded circle at 1 and a line<br>drawn between them              |
|-------------|---------------------|---|----|---|
|             |                     |   | B1 | for a shaded circle at -2 or<br>an unshaded circle at 1 or<br>circles at -2 and 1 with line in between but<br>shading incorrect |
| b           | -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2 | 2 | B2 | fully correct values with no extras   |
|             |                     |   | B1 | for 5 correct values and none incorrect <b>or</b><br>all 6 correct values with no more than one<br>additional incorrect value   |
|             |                     |   |    | Total 4 marks   |

| 19 | 3.4 or $\frac{17}{5}$ or $3\frac{2}{5}$ or $3\frac{24}{60}$ or 204 oe  |       | 3 | B1  |
|----|--|-------|---|---|
|    | $433.5 \div 3.4 \text{ or } 433.5 \div \frac{17}{5} \text{ or } 433.5 \div 3\frac{2}{5} \text{ or}$ $\frac{433.5}{'204'} \times 60 \text{ oe}$ |       |   | M1 for use of speed = distance ÷ time<br>Allow 433.5 ÷ 3.24 (= 133.796) for this<br>mark only |
|    |  | 127.5 |   | A1 oe allow 128   |
|    |  |       |   | Total 3 marks   |

| <b>20</b> a | $(x =) 270 \div (12 \times 5) (= 4.5)$ oe                           |           | 3 | M1   |
|-------------|---|-----------|---|--|
|             | $\pi \times `4.5'^2 \times 2 \times `4.5' (= 182.25\pi \text{ oe})$ |           |   | M1 ft dep on M1                                  |
|             |   | 573       |   | A1 accept 572 – 573                              |
| b           |   | 1 000 000 | 1 | B1 or $(1 \times) 10^6$ or (one or 1) million oe |
|             |   |           |   | Total 4 marks                                    |

| <b>21</b> a | e.g. $A + 5z = \frac{c}{v}$ oe or  |               | 2 | M1 | for a correct first step e.g. add $5z$ to both sides            |
|-------------|--|---------------|---|----|---|
|             | Ay = c - 5yz oe  |               |   |    | or  |
|             | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$ |               |   |    | multiply all terms by y   |
|             |  | c = y(A + 5z) |   | A1 | oe  |
| b           |  | 1             | 1 | B1 |   |
| с           | $(x \pm 3)(x \pm 8)$   |               | 2 | M1 | or for $(x \pm a)(x \pm b)$ where $ab = 24$<br>or $a + b = -11$ |
|             |  | (x-3)(x-8)    |   | A1 |   |
|             |  |               |   |    | Total 5 marks   |

| 22 | $\begin{array}{c} 0.024 \times 50\ 000\ (=\ 1200)\ \text{oe or}\\ 1.024 \times 50\ 000\ (=\ 51\ 200)\ \text{oe or}\\ 1.024^2 \times 50\ 000\ (=\ 52\ 428.8)\ \text{oe or}\\ 0.024 \times 50\ 000 \times 3\ (=\ 3600)\ \text{oe}\\ 0.024 \times 50\ 000 \times 3\ +\ 50\ 000\ (=\ 53\ 600)\ \text{oe} \end{array}$ |       | 3 | M1 |   | M2 for<br>$50000 \times 1.024^3$    |
|----|---|-------|---|----|---|-------------------------------------|
|    | 0.024 × (50 000 + '1200') (= 1228.8) oe and<br>0.024 × (50 000 + '1200' + '1228.8') (= 1258.2912)<br>or<br>'1200' + '1228.8' + '1258.2912' (= 3687.(0912))<br>or<br>1.024 × '52 428.8'  |       |   | M1 | for completing method<br>to find total amount in<br>the account             |                                     |
|    | 1.021 ** 32 420.0   | 53687 |   | A1 | accept 53 687 – 53 688  |                                     |
|    |   |       |   |    | accept (1 + 0.024) or $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1.024 \end{pmatrix}$ throughout | $+\frac{2.4}{100}$ as equivalent to |
|    |   |       |   |    | -   | Total 3 marks                       |

| 23 | $(5-2) \times 180 \div 5 (= 108)$ or<br>$360 \div 5 (= 72)$                    |    | 5 | M1    | for method to find an interior or exterior<br>angle of a pentagon             |
|----|--|----|---|-------|---|
|    | $(6-2) \times 180 \div 6 (= 120)$ or<br>$360 \div 6 (= 60)$                    |    |   | M1    | for method to find an interior or exterior<br>angle of a hexagon              |
|    | 360 - 108 - 120 (= 132) or<br>60 + 72 (= 132) or (180 - '120') + (180 - '108') |    |   | M1    | dep on M2 for a correct method to find angle <i>EDI</i> using correct figures |
|    | 360 - '72' - '60' - '132' (= 96)   |    |   | M1    | for a complete method to find angle <i>x</i>                                  |
|    |  | 96 |   | A1    | dep on correct working  |
|    |  |    |   | Note: | Angles may be seen on diagram throughout                                      |
|    |  |    |   |       | Total 5 marks   |

| <b>24</b> a | $2^{6} \times 3 \times 11^{4}$ | 2 | B2 | oe, accept 2811072   |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---|----|--|
|             |                                |   | B1 | for $2^a \times 3^b \times 11^c$ or where two of <i>a</i> , <i>b</i><br>and <i>c</i> are correct   |
| b           | $2^9 \times 3^5 \times 11^8$   | 2 | B2 | cao  |
|             |                                |   | B1 | for $2^a \times 3^b \times 11^c$ or where two of <i>a</i> , <i>b</i><br>and <i>c</i> are correct <b>or</b><br>2.666×10 <sup>13</sup> <b>or</b><br>an equivalent expression for e.g.<br>$2^2 \times 2^7 \times 3^5 \times 11^3 \times 11^5$ |
|             |                                |   |    | Total 4 marks  |

| 25 | $7^{2} - (10 \div 2)^{2} (= 24) \text{ or } \frac{\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)}{5} = \frac{\sin 90}{7} \text{ oe or}$ $\cos x = \frac{7^{2} + 7^{2} - 10^{2}}{2 \times 7 \times 7} \text{ oe or } \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) = \frac{5}{7} \text{ oe or } \cos y = \frac{5}{7} \text{ oe}$   |   | 5 |      | or use of sine rule or cosine rule to find<br>angle (x) of the apex or angle y<br>$\left(=90-\frac{1}{2}x\right)$  |
|----|--|---|---|------|--|
|    | $\sqrt{7^{2} - (10 \div 2)^{2}} (= \sqrt{24} = 2\sqrt{6} = 4.898) \text{ or}$ $(x = )2 \times \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{5 \times \sin 90}{7}\right) (= 91.169) \text{ oe or}$ $(x = )2 \times \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{5}{7}\right) (= 91.169) \text{ oe or}$ $(x = )\cos^{-1} \left(\frac{7^{2} + 7^{2} - 10^{2}}{2 \times 7 \times 7}\right) (= 91.169) \text{ oe or}$ $(x = )2 \left(90 - \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{5}{7}\right)\right) (= 2(90 - 44.415) = 91.169)$ Allow 5 from correct working<br>E.g.<br>$6 \times 10 + \frac{(10 \div 2) \times \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{24}}}{2} \times 2 (= 60 + 10\sqrt{6} = 84.494) \text{ or}$ |   |   | M1 1 | for complete method to find height of<br>triangle or the angle (x) of the apex<br>$\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{7}\right)(=44.415)$ and<br>$5 \times \tan'44.415'(=4.898)$ or<br>$7 \times \sin'44.415'(=4.898)$ or<br>$\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{7}\right)(=45.584)$ and<br>$\frac{5}{\tan'45.584'}(=4.898)$ or<br>$7 \times \cos'45.584'(=4.898)$ or<br>for method to find the total area of the<br>pentagon allow answers in the range<br>84.49 - 85 |
|    | $5 \times (6 + 6 + \sqrt{24}) (= 60 + 10\sqrt{6} = 84.494) \text{ or}$ $\left(\frac{1}{2} \times 7 \times 7 \times \sin^{2} 91.169 + 10 \times 6\right) (= 60 + 10\sqrt{6} = 84.494)$ E.g. $(84.494) \div 16 (= 5.28) \text{ or } (60 + 10\sqrt{6}) \div 16 (= 5.28)$  |   |   |      | for method to find the number of tins<br>required using their area   |
|    |  | 6 |   | A1 ( | dep on at least M2   |
|    |  |   |   |      | Total 5 marks  |